Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER Current Relay BA 9053, MK 9053N





- According to IEC/EN 60 255-1, IEC/EN 60 947-1

Your Advantages

For better productivity Quicker fault locating

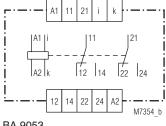
Preventive maintenance

Precise and reliable

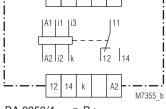
Features

- to: monitor DC and AC
- BA 9053 with measuring ranges from 2 mA to 25 A
- BA 9053 optionally with 3 measuring ranges 0.1 up to 25 A
- MK 9053N with measuring ranges from 2 mA up to 10 A
- High overload possible
- Input frequency up to 5 kHz
- Galvanic separation between auxiliary circuit measuring ciruit
- Auxiliary supply AC/DC; BA 9053 with AC
- BA 9053 optionally with start-up delay (MK = standard)
- with time delay, up to max. 100 sec
- BA 9053 optionally with safe separation to IEC/EN 61140
- MK 9053N optionally with remote potentiometer
- As option with manual reset
- Option with fixed settings possible
- LED indicators for operation and contact position
- MK 9053N as option with pluggable terminal blocks for easy exchange of devices
 - with screw terminals
- or with cage clamp terminals
- Width BA 9053: 45 mm Width MK 9053N: 22.5 mm

Circuit Diagrams

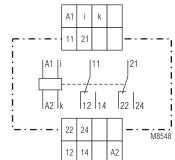


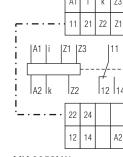




BA 9053/4_ z. B.: Terminals i1/k: 0.1 ... 1 A Terminals i2/k: 0.5 ... 5 A

Terminals i3/k:





MK 9053N

MK 9053N/1__

Approvals and Markings



* see variants

Applications

- Monitoring current in AC or DC systems
- For industrial and railway applications

Function

The relays measure the arithmetic mean value of the rectified measuring current. The AC units are adjusted to the r.m.s value. They have settings for response value and hysteresis. The units work as overcurrent relays but can also be used for undercurrent detection. The hysteresis is dependent on the response value.

2 time delays are possible in different variants:

M8549 a

... 10 A

The start up delay t_a operates only when connecting the auxiliary supply. It disables tripping e.g. caused by an increased starting current of a motor. The response delay to is active after exceeding a response value. On overcurrent relays the delay is active when the current goes over the tripping value, on undercurrent relays when the current drops below the hysteresis value.

Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1, A2	Auxiliary voltage
i, k	Current measuring input
11, 12, 14	1st changeover contact
21, 22, 24	2nd changeover contact
at MK 9053/1: Z1, Z2, Z3	Remote potentiometer for response value

Safety Notes

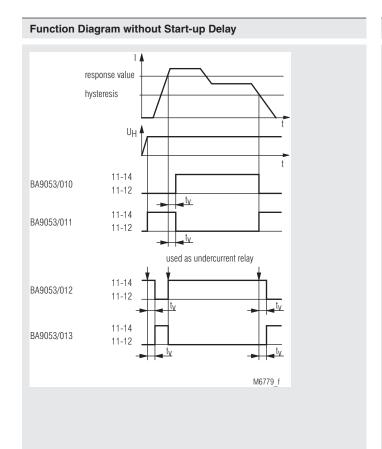
Please observe when connecting a remote potentiometer to MK 9053N/1__:



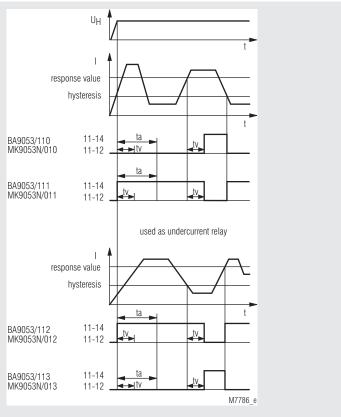
Measuring circuit and remote potentiometer not galvanically separated. The voltage on on measuring circuit i, k/PE has connection to the remote potentiometer. The remote potentiometer has to be connected volt- and ground-free.

Indicators

areen LED: on, when auxiliary supply connected yellow LED: on, when output relay acitvated



Function Diagram with Start-up Delay



On model BA 9053/6_ with manual reset the contacts remain in the fault state after detecting a fault or after to has elapsed. The contacts are reset by disconnecting the supply voltage.

Technical Data

Input (i, k)

BA 9	053	for	AC	<u>a</u>	n d	DC					
	Ме	asur	ing r	ar	ige*)		(inte	RM ernal	max. per curr		max. permiss.
	AC				DC		ri res	asu- ng istor unt)	Device n		current 3 s On, 100 s Off
2 - 20 - 30 - 50 - 80 - 0.1- 0.5-	200 300 500	mA mA mA A A	18 27 45	- - - - ;-	18 180 270 450 720 0.9 4.5 9	mA mA mA MA	0.1 0.1 40 30 6	$\begin{array}{c} \Omega \\ 5 \ \Omega \\ \Omega \\ \Omega \\ m\Omega \\ m\Omega \\ m\Omega \end{array}$	2.5 2.5 4	A A A A	1 A 4 A 8 A 8 A 12 A 12 A 30 A 40 A
1.5- 2 - 2.5 -	15 20 25	Α	1.8	-	13.5 18 22.5	Α	3	$m\Omega$ $m\Omega$	25 25 25	A A	40 A 40 A 40 A

* DC or AC current 50 ... 5000 Hz (other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 ²/₃ Hz on request)

BA 9053/4 with 3 measuring ranges:					
Range:	Terminals i1/k	Terminals i2/k	Terminals i3/k		
AC 20 mA /	AC 2.0 20 mA	AC 20 200 mA	AC 0.1 1 A		
200 mA / 1A:	DC 1.8 18 mA	DC 18 180 mA	DC 0.09 0.9 A		
AC 1 / 5 / 10A:	AC 0.1 1 A	AC 0.5 5 A	AC 1.0 10 A		
	DC 0.09 0.9 A	DC 0.45 4.5 A	DC 0.9 9 A		
AC 5 / 10 / 25A:	AC 0.5 5 A	AC 1.0 10 A	AC 2.5 25 A		
AC 57 107 25A.	DC 0.45 4.5 A	DC 0.9 9 A	DC 2.25 22.5 A		

MK 9053N with 1 Measuring range for AC and DC								
Measur	ring range*)	RM (internal	max. perm. cont.		max. permiss.			
			Device	ent with				
AC	DC	ring resistor (shunt)	mount. without	5 mm dis-	current 3 s On, 100 s Off			
0 00 mA	1.8 - 18 mA	1.5 Ω			1 A			
20 - 200 mA		0.15 Ω	1.5 A	0.7 A 2 A	4 A			
	27 - 270 mA	0.1 Ω		2.5 A	8 A			
50 - 500 mA	45 - 450 mA	0.1 Ω	2 A	2.5 A	8 A			
0.1- 1 A	0.09 - 0.9 A	30 mΩ	3 A	4 A	8 A			
0.5- 5 A	0.45 - 4.5 A	6 mΩ	8 A	11 A	20 A			
1 - 10 A	0.9 - 9 A	3 mΩ	12 A	15 A	20 A			

 * DC or AC current 50 ... 5000 Hz (Other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 $^2/_3$ Hz on request)

Extending of measuring

range:

For DC-current higher then the highest measuring range the voltage relay BA 9054 or MK 9054N measuring range

15 ... 150 mV or 6 ... 60 mV can be used

with external Shunt.

For AC current higher then the highest measuring range can be used a current transformer e. g. with secondary winding of 1 A or 5 A togehter with BA 9053 or MK 9053N. The nominal load of the CT

 $\begin{array}{ll} & \text{should be} \geq 0.5 \text{ VA}. \\ \textbf{Measuring principle:} & \text{arithmetic mean value} \\ \textbf{Adjustment:} & \text{The AC - devices can} \end{array}$

The AC - devices can also monitor DC current. The scale offset in this case is:

(I = 0.90 I_{eff})

Temperature influence: < 0.05 % / K

Technical Data

Setting Ranges

Setting

Response value: infinite variable 0.1 $I_N \dots 1 I_N$

relative scale

Hysteresis

at AC: infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.98 of setting value at DC: infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.96 of setting value

Accuracy:

Response value at

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Potentiometer right stop (max):} & 0 + 8 \% \\ \mbox{Potentiometer left stop (min):} & -10 + 8 \% \\ \mbox{Repeat accuracy:} & \leq \pm \ 0.5 \ \% \end{array}$

Recovery time

at devices with manual reset (Reset by braking of the auxiliary voltage)

BA 9053/6_ _; MK 9053N/6_ _: \le 1 s

(dependent to function and auxiliary voltage)

Time delay t_v: infinite variable at logarythmic scale

infinite variable at logarythmic scale from 0 ... 20 s, 0 ... 30 s, 0 ... 60 s, 0 ... 100 s

setting 0 s = without time delay

Start-up delay t_a:

BA 9053/1 _ _: 1 ... 20 s; 1 ... 60 s; 1 ... 100 s,

adjustable on logarithmic scale.

t_a is started when the supply voltage is connected. During elapse of time the output contact is in good state

0.1 20 s 0.1 60 s 0.1 100 s

MK 9053N: 0.1 ... 20 s; 0.1 ... 60 s; 0.1 ... 100 s

Auxiliary Circuit BA 9053 and MK 9053N

Auxiliary voltage U_H (A1, A2)

BA 9053, Nominal voltages: AC 24, 42, 110, 127, 230, 400 V

BA 9053:		
Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range
AC/DC 24 80 V	AC 18 100 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W
AC/DC 24 80 V	DC 18 130 V	W ≤ 5 %
AO/DO 00 000 V	AC 40 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W
AC/DC 80 230 V	DC 40 300 V	W ≤ 5 %
DC 12 V	DC 10 18 V	battery voltage

MK 9053N:					
Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range			
AC/DC 24 80 V	AC 18 100 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W			
AC/DC 24 80 V	DC 18 130 V	W ≤ 5 %			
AC/DC 80 230 V	AC 60 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W			
	DC 60 300 V	W ≤ 5 %			

Nominal consumption: 4 VA; 1.5 W at AC 230 V Rel. energized 1 W at DC 80 V Rel. energized

Technical Data			Technical Data		
Output			Wire connection BA 9053:	2 x 2.5 mm ² solid or	
Contacts				2 x 1.5 mm ² stranded w	ire with sleeve
BA 9053:	2 changeover conta	cts	MK 9053N:	Z X 1.0 mm Guariada N	
MK 9053N:	2 changeover conta		Screw terminals		
	z changeover conta	Cio		1 x 4 mm ² solid or	
Thermal current I _{th} : BA 9053:	2 x 5 A		(integrated):	1 x 2.5 mm ² stranded fe	rrulad (igalatad) a
MK 9053N:	2 x 4 A			2 x 1.5 mm ² stranded fe	errulea (Isolatea)
Switching capacity				or 2 x 2.5 mm ² solid	
BA 9053			Insulation of wires		
to AC 15:			or sleeve length:	8 mm	
NO contact:	2 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	Plug in with screw terminals		
NC contact:	1 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	max. cross section		
MK 9053N			for connection:	1 x 2.5 mm ² solid or	
o AC 15:	1.5 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1		1 x 2.5 mm ² stranded fe	erruled (isolated)
BA 9053, MK 9053N			Insulation of wires		
o DC 13:	1 A / DC 24 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	or sleeve length:	8 mm	
Electrical life			Plug in with cage clamp term	ninals	
3A 9053			max. cross section		
o AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V:	5 x 105 switch, cvcl.	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	for connection:	1 x 4 mm ² solid or	
MK 9053N				1 x 2.5 mm ² stranded fe	erruled (isolated)
o AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V:	105 ewitching cycles	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	min. cross section	1 x 2.5 mm stranded to	straica (isolatea)
	TO SWITCHING CYCLES	1LO/LIN 00 347-3-1		0 E mm2	
Short-circuit strength	6 A aC (al)	IEC/EN 60 047 5 4	for connection:	0.5 mm ²	
nax. fuse rating:	6 A gG (gL)	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	Insulation of wires	10 ±0.5 ma ···	
Mechanical life			or sleeve length:	12 ±0.5 mm	
BA 9053:	50 x 10 ⁶ switching c		Wire fixing:		
MK 9053N:	30 x 10 ⁶ switching c	ycles	BA 9053:	Plus-minus terminal sci	
				self-lifting clamping piece	EC/EN 60 999-
General Data			MK 9053N:	Plus-minus terminal sci	rews M3.5 box
				terminals with wire prot	ection
Operating mode:	Continuous operation	n		or cage clamp terminal	S
remperature range:	·		Stripping length:	10 mm	
BA 9053 (operation):			Fixing torque:	0.8 Nm	
10 A:	- 40 + 60°C		Mounting:	DIN-rail	IEC/EN 60 715
≥ 15 A:	- 40 + 50°C		Weight	211 Tall	120,211 00 7 10
_ 10 / 1.	(higher temperature	with limitations	BA 9053:	AC-device: 280 g	
	on request)	With infiltations	BA 9055.	AC/DC-device: 200 g	
AK OOESN (operation):	- 20 + 50°C		MK OOFON.	_	
MK 9053N (operation):		iale Himelanalinum	MK 9053N:	150 g	
	(higher temperature	with iimitations	Dimensions		
24 0050 MIC 0050M ()	on request)		Dimensions		
BA 9053, MK 9053N (storage):	- 40 + 70°C				
Altitude:	< 2,000 m		Width x height x depth		
Clearance and creepage			BA 9053:	45 x 75 x 120 mm	
distances			MK 9053N:	22.5 x 90 x 97 mm	
ated impulse voltage /					
pollution degree					
BA 9053 meas. range ≤ 10 A:	6 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1			
3A 9053 meas. range ≥ 15 A:	4 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1			
MK 9053N:	4 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1			
EMC	=	0000011			
Electrostatic discharge:	8 kV (air)	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2			
IF irradiation	5 m (an)	0,, 0, 000 7 2			
nr madiation 30 MHz 1 GHz:	20 V/m	IEC/EN 61 000 4 9			
		IEC/EN 61 000-4-3			
GHz 2.7 GHz:	10 V/m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3			
ast transients:	4 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-4			
Surge voltages					
etween					
vires for power supply:	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5			
etween wire and ground:	4 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5			
IF wire guided:	10 V	IEC/EN 61 000-4-6			
nterference suppression:	Limit value class B	EN 55 011			
Degree of protection					
lousing:	IP 40	IEC/EN 60 529			
erminals:	IP 20	IEC/EN 60 529			
lousing:	Thermoplastic with				
iousilig.					
libuation variations	according to UL sub				
ibration resistance:		IEC/EN 60 068-2-6			
	frequency 10 55 H	ΗZ			
limate resistance					
3A 9053					
10 A:	40 / 060 / 04	IEC/EN 60 068-1			
≥ 15 A:	40 / 050 / 04	IEC/EN 60 068-1			
MK 9053N:	20 / 060 / 04	IEC/EN 60 068-1			
Terminal designation:	EN 50 005				

Classification to DIN EN 50155 for BA 9053

Vibration and

shock resistance: Category 1, Class B IEC/EN 61 373

Ambient temperature: T1, T2 compliant

T3 and TX with operational limitations

Protective coating of the PCB: No

UL-Data

Auxiliary voltage U_H(A1, A2)

BA 9053: AC 24, 42, 48, 110, 115, 120 V

Thermal current I,:

BA 9053: " 2 x 5 A MK 9053N: 2 x 4 A Clearance and creepage distances

BA 9053, MK 9053N: 4 kV / 2 IEC 60 664-1

HF irradiation

BA 9053 (80 MHz ... 2.7 GHz) 10 V/m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3

Switching capacity: Pilot duty B150 **Ambient temperature:** - 40 ... + 60°C



Technical data that is not stated in the UL-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

CCC-Data

Switching capacity

to AC 15: 1.5 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1



Technical data that is not stated in the CCC-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

Standard Type

BA 9053/010 AC 0.5 ... 5 A AC 230 V

Article number: 0053128

for Overcurrent monitoring

Measuring range:
 Auxiliary voltage U_H:
 Time delay by I_{an}:
 Width:
 AC 0.5 ... 5 A
 AC 230 V
 0 ... 20 s
 45 mm

BA 9053/012 AC 0.5 ... 5 A AC 230 V Article number: 0053192

• for Undercurrent monitoring

Measuring range: AC 0.5 ... 5 A
Auxiliary voltage U_H: AC 230 V
Time delay by I_{ab}: 0 ... 20 s
Width: 45 mm

MK 9053N.12/010 AC 0.5 ... 5 A AC/DC 80 ... 230 V t, 0 ... 20 s t, 0.1 ... 20 s

Article number: 0063176

· for Overcurrent monitoring

Measuring range:: AC 0.5 ... 5 A
 Auxiliary voltage U_u: AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

• Time delay by t; 0 ... 20 s
• Start up delay t_a: 0.1 ... 20 s
• Width: 22.5 mm



Options with Pluggable Terminal Blocks





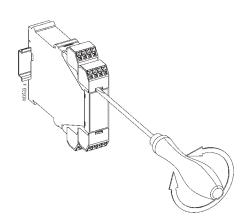
Screw terminal (PS/plugin screw)

Cage clamp (PC/plugin cage clamp)

Notes

Removing the terminal blocks with cage clamp terminals

- 1. The unit has to be disconnected.
- 2. Insert a screwdriver in the side recess of the front plate.
- 3. Turn the screwdriver to the right and left.
- 4. Please note that the terminal blocks have to be mounted on the belonging plug in terminations.



Accessories

AD 3: Remote potentiometer 470 K Ω

Article number: 0050174

Setting

Example:

Current relay BA 9053 / MK 9053N AC 0.5 ... 5 A

AC according to type plate: i.e. the unit is calibrated for AC 0.5 ... 5 A = measuring range

Response value AC 3 A Hysteresis AC 1.5 A

Settings:

upper potentiometer: $0.6 \quad (0.6 \times 5 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ A})$ lower potentiometer: $0.5 \quad (0.5 \times 3 \text{ A} = 1.5 \text{ A})$

The AC - devices can also monitor DC current. The scale offset in this case is: \overline{I} = 0.90 x I_{eff}

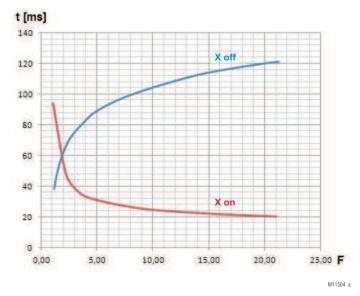
AC 0.5 ... 5 A is equivalent to DC 0.45 ... 4.5 A

Response value DC 3 A Hysteresis DC 1.5 A

Settings:

upper potentiometer: 0.66 $(0.66 \times 4.5 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ A})$ lower potentiometer: 0.5 $(0.5 \times 3 \text{ A} = 1.5 \text{ A})$

Characteristic



Time delay of measuring circuit

X on: Measured value rise $F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of measured value)}}{\text{Setting value}}$

X off: Measured value drops $F = \frac{\text{Mesaured value (befor measured value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}}$

The diagram shows the typical delay of a standard devices depending on the measured values "X on and X off" at sudden rise or drop of the signal. At slow change of the measured value the delay is shorter.

The total reaction time of the device results from the adjustable delay $\rm t_{v}$ and the delay created by the measuring circuit.

The diagram shows an average delay. The delay times could differ on the different variants.

Example for "X on" (overcurrent detection with BA9053/010):

Adjusted setting value X on = 2 A.

Due to a stalled motor the current rises suddenly to 10 A.

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of measured value)}}{\text{Setting value}} = \frac{10 \text{ A}}{2 \text{ A}} = 5$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches on after 31 ms at a setting t =0.

Example for "X off" (undercurrent detection with BA9053/012):

Adjusted hysteresis setting value is 10 A.

The current drops suddenly from 23 A to 0 A.

$$F = \frac{\text{Mesaured value (befor measured value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}} = \frac{23 \text{ A}}{10 \text{ A}} = 2.3$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches off after 70 ms at a setting $t_v=0$.